



higher education & training

Department:
Higher Education and Training
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL CERTIFICATE (VOCATIONAL)

ENTREPRENEURSHIP NQF LEVEL 2

NOVEMBER EXAMINATION

(3021042)

25 November 2014 (X-Paper) 09:00–11:30

Calculators may be used.

This question paper consists of 9 pages.

TIME: 2½ HOURS MARKS: 100

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

- 1. Answer ALL the questions.
- 2. Read ALL the questions carefully.
- 3. Number the answers according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
- 4. Write neatly and legibly.

SECTION A

QUESTION 1

С

D

Various options are given as possible answers to the following questions. Choose the

	and write	only the letter (A-D) next to the question number (1.1-1.15) in the			
1.1	A loaf of bread, bought from a bakery, is an example of a				
	A B C D	durable product. non-durable product. semi-durable product. personal service.			
1.2	Which one of the following is not part of the 4 Ps of the marketing mix?				
	A B C D	Promotion Production Place Price			
1.3	The challenges of the market environment include				
	A B C D	poor quality products. political changes. consumer demand. strikes.			
1.4	Regular	Regular daily, weekly and monthly activities are named and recorded on			
	A B C D	sample list goals for the week medium and long term planning Work schedule			
1.5	An agreement to use an existing business idea for a fee.				
	A B C D	Leasing Outsourcing Letting Franchising			
1.6	A component of the financial plan is the				
	A B	tax returns. sales forecast.			

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remuneration policy.

cash flow.

The SWOT analysis is useful in evaluating a potential ...

1.7

	A B C D	client. business venture. Patent. Clothing.			
1.8	The availability of water, electricity, transport and labour is known as				
	A B C D	infrastructure. capital layout. investment. assets.			
1.9	An examp	ele of an external environmental force:			
	A B C D	Technology Departments Purchasing manager Staff			
1.10	How artistic work such as paintings is protected.				
	A B C D	Secrecy Patent Copyright Trademark			
1.11	The P in F	PESTEL analysis refers to			
	A B C D	product. price. political. promotion.			
1.12	An examp	le of a secondary need is			
	A B C D	food. housing. self-actualisation. clothing.			

1.13	Total cost is R3 500, and the fixed cost amounts to R2 100. How much is the
	variable cost?

A R5 600 B R1 400 C R1 000 D R2 100

1.14 An example of a source document:

A Debtor
B Credit note
C Cash flow
D Asset

1.15 ... are also internal clients.

A Customers
B Staff members
C Suppliers
D Competitors

(15 x 1) **[15]**

QUESTION 2

Choose a term from COLUMN B that matches a description in COLUMN A. Write only the letter (A–O) next to the question number (2.1–2.15) in the ANSWER BOOK.

	COLUMN A		COLUMN B
2.1	A personal quality of the entrepreneur	Α	to make friends
2.2	Main reason why business fail	В	innovation
2.3	Inflation	С	primary data
2.4	Example of social needs	D	education
2.5	Idea-generating technique	E	variable cost
2.6	To develop new and unique products or service	F	cash-flow budget
0.7		G	poor financial control
2.7	Purpose of a business plan	Н	entrepreneur
2.8	An example of demographic segmentation	ı	watching television
2.9	Data collected by the entrepreneur	J	observation
2.10	A promotional method		
2.11	T-shirt fabric used in the production of T-	K	long-term liability
	shirts is an example of	L	need to achieve
2.12	Loans over one year	М	advertisement in the
2.13	Determines the cash needs of the business		local newspaper
2.14	Mark Shuttleworth is an example of a/an	N	general increase in the prices of goods and services
2.15	An example of gathering primary data	0	management tool

(15 x 1) [15]

TOTAL SECTION A: 30

SECTION B

Read the case study and answer the questions.

Starting a Gift-Basket business: Interview with Kathy Lindberg

How did you start your gift basket business?

I began my business in 1997 when my children were young; I had been a Music Therapist for 10 years and was burning out quickly (getting tired and stressed). In addition, I wanted to spend more time at home with my young children. After some research into home-based businesses I became intrigued with starting a gift-basket company. After more research into this field I found that people wanted products like fresh fruit, nuts and chocolate placed in interesting baskets and gift wrapped in pretty coloured see-through plastic. Some gift baskets were for baby showers, birthdays, weddings and each basket had an assortment of gifts. I began my company. My business began, and continues to run, out of my home with plans to expand out of my house as my business grows.

For those thinking of starting a gift-basket business, would this be a good business for them to start from home? And why?

Yes. A gift-basket business is very easy to start and run from home. The overheads are low and you do not have to pay high rent. It allows me to be flexible to attend to my family.

Is a gift-basket business expensive to start and manage?

It takes many, many hours to promote and run this business. It takes adequate capital. There are ways to start small and with less money, but it takes time and hard work.

How are you marketing your business?

I market through my website, sales calls, networking functions, word of mouth, direct mail, and the yellow pages.

Has this business always been easy?

This business has never been easy. It takes a tremendous amount of work, long hours, and sacrifice, but the long hours are at home with my children.

Did you ever think about giving up?

Yes, in the early years of my business I thought about throwing in the towel (giving up), but my love for my business kept me going, as well as my determination to build a successful gift basket company.

QUESTION 3

3.1	•	entioned that she wants to open another gift-basket business. OUR components of her business plan that will need to be adjusted. (4 x 2)	(8)	
3.2	Identify F	OUR expenses which Kathy will include in her operating budget.	(4)	
3.3	The key e	element of a successful marketing plan is to know your customers.		
	State FO	UR factors that Kathy can use to describe her customers.	(4)	
3.4	Explain, v	with an example, how culture can have a negative effect on Kathy's	(3)	
3.5	Custome business.	Customer satisfaction is extremely important for the long-term success of a business.		
		Kathy on TWO methods she can use to find out whether her s are satisfied with her gift baskets?	(2)	
3.6	List THRI	EE promotional methods which Kathy is using for her business.	(3)	
3.7		TWO methods she can use to measure the success of her nal methods. (2 x 2)	(4)	
3.8	Give FO	UR reasons why stock control is important in Kathy's gift-basket	(4)	
3.9	•	Packaging, one of Kathy's suppliers is constantly delivering her gift ate. She needs to find a new supplier.		
	State TH supplier.	IREE important factors she needs to consider when choosing a	(3) [35]	
QUEST 4.1	Kathy sel She has t Petrol R1 Telephon Packing r Baskets © Product F	,		
	Use the information provided to calculate: (Show all calculations)			
	4.1.1	Total income	(8)	
	4.1.2	Selling price per basket	(3)	
	4.1.3	Kathy has a promotion on her gift baskets for November; she gives a 5% discount on all her products.		
		Calculate the selling price.	(4) [15]	

QUESTION 5

5.1 Give TWO reasons from the case study to prove that Kathy is an entrepreneur. (2)

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5.2 Give FOUR reasons why entrepreneurs are important in South Africa.

(4)

5.3 Kathy is struggling to get ideas for new gift baskets.

Explain how she can use flea markets as a method to generate new ideas and expand her business. (3 x 2)

(6)

5.4 Explain what would Kathy use a schedule for

(2)

5.5 Kathy is struggling to manage her time efficiently.

Explain the following types of diaries that Kathy can use in her business:

5.5.1 Desk diaries

5.5.2 Electronic diaries

5.5.3 Year planner

(3 x 2) (6)

[20]

TOTAL SECTION B: 70
GRAND TOTAL: 100